## Microstructural Evolution in Rapidly Quenched ZrO<sub>2</sub>-3 mol% Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> by Annealing

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ZrO<sub>1</sub>-3 mol % Y<sub>1</sub>O<sub>3</sub> was rapidly quenched from melts, and annealed at 1700 °C for 48 h in air. X-ray diffraction analysis and TEM observation revealed that the tetragonal phase in as-quenched samples was nontransformable and the phase in annealed samples was fransformable under external streesses. The tetragonal phase in as-quenched samples was formed by diffusionless transformation of the cubic phase. Upon annealing, the microstructures did not change discontinuously, but the tetragonal twins coarsened.

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## Preparation of Zirconia Ceramics with Straight and Uniform-Sized Channels

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Firing of zirconia (Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: 3 mol%) powder-carbon fiber compact in air at 1500°-1600°C gave a zirconia ceramics with straight channels of uniform diameter. [Received February 18, 1986]